

## (E)-Methyl 2-benzyl-3-*o*-tolylacrylate

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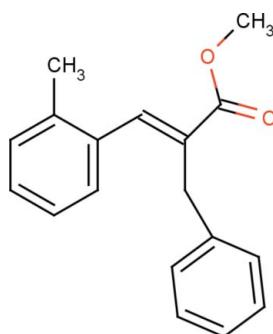
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study;  $T = 295\text{ K}$ ; mean  $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.002\text{ \AA}$ ;  $R$  factor = 0.045;  $wR$  factor = 0.127; data-to-parameter ratio = 18.6.

In the title compound,  $\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{18}\text{O}_2$ , the methyl acrylate substituent adopts an extended *E* conformation with all torsion angles close to  $180^\circ$ . The mean plane of the acrylate unit and the phenyl ring are approximately orthogonal to each other, making a dihedral angle of  $81.40(6)^\circ$ . The position of the carbonyl group with respect to the olefinic double bond is typically *S-trans*. The crystal packing is stabilized by intermolecular C–H···π interactions.

### Related literature

For applications of acrylate derivatives, see: Xiao *et al.* (2008); De Fraine & Martin, (1991). For a related structure, see: Madhanraj *et al.* (2011). For *E*-conformation aspects, see: Dunitz & Schweizer (1982). For resonance effects in acrylate, see: Merlino (1971); Varghese *et al.* (1986).



### Experimental

#### Crystal data

$\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{18}\text{O}_2$

$M_r = 266.32$

Monoclinic,  $P2_1/c$   
 $a = 7.6277(3)\text{ \AA}$   
 $b = 16.2167(7)\text{ \AA}$   
 $c = 11.7990(5)\text{ \AA}$   
 $\beta = 92.419(2)^\circ$   
 $V = 1458.19(11)\text{ \AA}^3$

$Z = 4$   
Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation  
 $\mu = 0.08\text{ mm}^{-1}$   
 $T = 295\text{ K}$   
 $0.28 \times 0.25 \times 0.23\text{ mm}$

#### Data collection

Bruker Kappa APEXII CCD diffractometer  
16396 measured reflections

3397 independent reflections  
2183 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.033$

#### Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.045$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.127$   
 $S = 1.03$   
3397 reflections

183 parameters  
H-atom parameters constrained  
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.12\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$   
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.20\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

**Table 1**

Hydrogen-bond geometry ( $\text{\AA}$ ,  $^\circ$ ).

$Cg1$  is the centroid of the C13–C18 ring.

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
$\text{C}3-\text{H}3\cdots Cg1^i$	0.93	2.87	3.7809 (17)	165

Symmetry code: (i)  $x + 1, -y - \frac{1}{2}, z - \frac{3}{2}$ .

Data collection: *APEX2* (Bruker, 2008); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2008); data reduction: *SAINT*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *ORTEP-3* (Farrugia, 1997); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXL97* and *PLATON* (Spek, 2009).

SK and KS thank Dr Babu Varghese, SAIF, IIT, Chennai, India, for the X-ray intensity data collection and Dr V. Murugan, Head of the Department of Physics, RKM Vivekananda College, for providing facilities in the department for carrying out this work.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: RK2348).

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# supplementary materials

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## (E)-Methyl 2-benzyl-3-o-tolylacrylate

S. Karthikeyan, K. Sethusankar, Anthonisamy Devaraj and Manickam Bakthadoss

### Comment

Phenyl acrylate and its derivatives are important compounds because of their agrochemical and medicinal applications (De Fraine & Martin, 1991). Phenyl acrylates show considerable antibacterial activities against *Staphylococcus Aureus* (Xiao *et al.*, 2008).

In the title compound C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>18</sub>O<sub>2</sub>, the methyl acrylate is essentially planar with a maximum deviation of -0.0207 (14) Å for the C9 atom and forms a dihedral angle of 40.66 (6)° and 81.40 (6)° with two phenyl rings (C2-C7) and (C13-C18), respectively. The interplanar angle between the two phenyl rings (C2-C7) and (C13-C18) is 67.69 (7)°. The title molecule exhibits structural similarities with the already reported related structure (Madhanraj *et al.*, 2011).

The significant difference in the length of the C10–O1 = 1.3307 (19) Å and C11–O1 = 1.4368 (18) Å bond is attributed to a partial contribution from O–C=O<sup>+</sup>–C resonance structure of the O2=C10–O1–C11 group (Merlino, 1971). This feature, commonly observed in the carboxylic ester group of the substituents in various compounds gives average values of 1.340 Å and 1.447 Å respectively for these bonds (Varghese *et al.*, 1986).

The configuration of the keto-group with respect to the olefinic double bond is typically *S-trans*, with O2=C10–C9=C8 torsion angle 176.88 (16)°. The methyl acrylate adopts an extended *E*-configuration with the torsion angles C8=C9–C10=O2 = 176.88 (16)°, C8=C9–C10–O1 = -2.2 (2)°, C9–C10–O1–C11 = 179.81 (14)° and C12–C9–C10–O1 = -179.66 (12)°. The extended conformation is supported by the fact that the bond angles involving carbonyl O atoms are invariably expanded (Dunitz & Schweizer, 1982).

The crystal packing is stabilized by intermolecular C–H···π interaction, between a methyl benzene H atom and the benzene ring (C13–C18) of an adjacent molecule, with a C3–H3···Cg1<sup>i</sup> separation of 2.87 Å. Cg1 is the centroid of the benzene ring (C13–C18). Symmetry code: (i) x+1, -y-1/2, z-3/2.

### Experimental

To a stirred solution of methyl 2-(hydroxy(o-tolyl)methyl)acrylate (0.21 g, 1 mmol) in dichloromethane (10 mL), benzene (0.31 g, 4 mmol) was added at room temperature. After stirring for about 10 minutes at 273 K, catalytic amount of concentrated H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> was added drop wise. Then the reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 6 h. After completion of reaction, the mixture was poured into water and aqueous layer was extracted with ethyl acetate (3×10 ml). The combined organic layer was washed with brine (20 mL), and dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>. The crude product thus obtained was purified by column chromatography (2% EtOAc / hexanes) to provide the desired compound (E)-methyl-2-benzyl-3-o-tolyl acrylate in 80% yield, as a colourless solid.

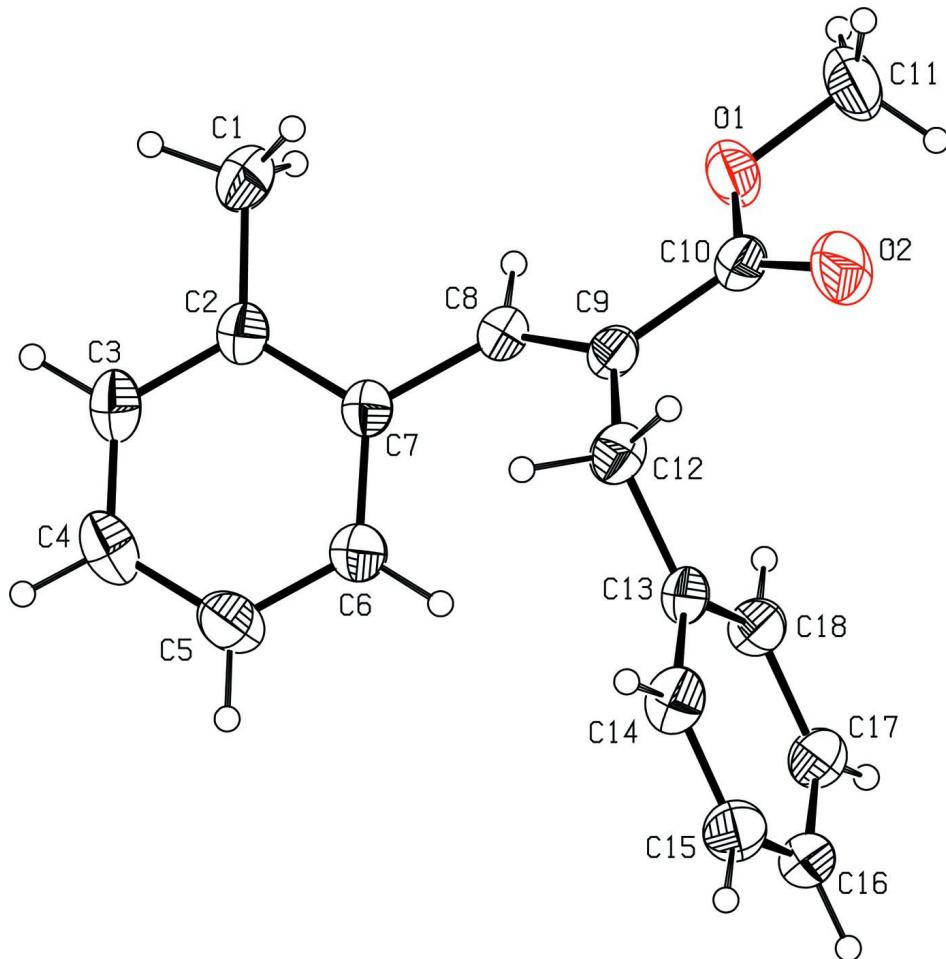
### Refinement

All the hydrogen atoms of the compound are fixed geometrically and allowed to ride on their parent atoms with C–H distance in the range 0.93 Å to 0.97 Å and with U<sub>iso</sub>(H) = 1.5U<sub>eq</sub>(C) for CH<sub>3</sub> groups and U<sub>iso</sub>(H) = 1.2U<sub>eq</sub>(C) for all other

groups.

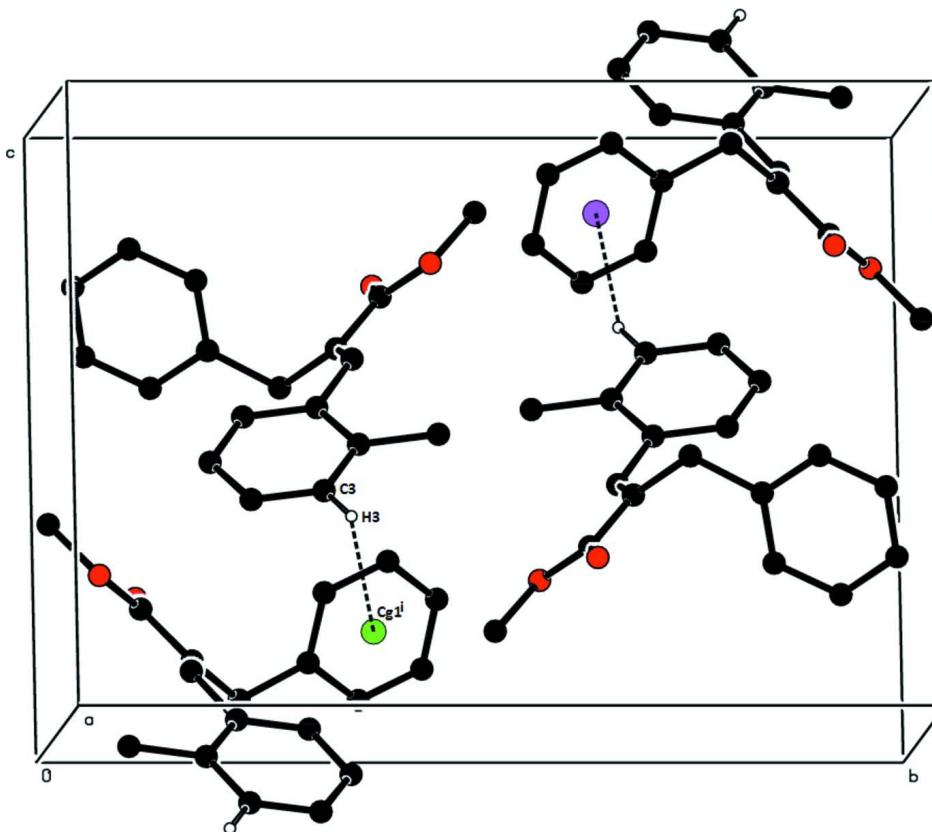
### Computing details

Data collection: *APEX2* (Bruker, 2008); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2008); data reduction: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2008); program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *ORTEP-3* (Farrugia, 1997); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008) and *PLATON* (Spek, 2009).



**Figure 1**

The molecular structure of the title compound with the atom numbering scheme. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at 30% probability level. H atoms are presented as a small spheres of arbitrary radius.

**Figure 2**

The packing arrangement of the title compound viewed down  $c$  axis. The dashed line indicate  $C3-H3\cdots Cg1^i$  intermolecular interaction.  $Cg1$  is the centroid of the benzene ring (C13-C18). Symmetry code: (i)  $x+1, -y-1/2, z-3/2$ .

### (E)-Methyl 2-benzyl-3-o-tolylacrylate

#### Crystal data

$C_{18}H_{18}O_2$   
 $M_r = 266.32$   
Monoclinic,  $P2_1/c$   
Hall symbol: -P 2ybc  
 $a = 7.6277 (3)$  Å  
 $b = 16.2167 (7)$  Å  
 $c = 11.7990 (5)$  Å  
 $\beta = 92.419 (2)^\circ$   
 $V = 1458.19 (11)$  Å<sup>3</sup>  
 $Z = 4$

$F(000) = 568$   
 $D_x = 1.213 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$   
 $Mo K\alpha$  radiation,  $\lambda = 0.71073$  Å  
Cell parameters from 3397 reflections  
 $\theta = 2.1-27.7^\circ$   
 $\mu = 0.08 \text{ mm}^{-1}$   
 $T = 295 \text{ K}$   
Block, colourless  
 $0.28 \times 0.25 \times 0.23$  mm

#### Data collection

Bruker Kappa APEXII CCD  
diffractometer  
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube  
Graphite monochromator  
 $\omega$  and  $\varphi$  scans  
16396 measured reflections  
3397 independent reflections

2183 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.033$   
 $\theta_{\text{max}} = 27.7^\circ, \theta_{\text{min}} = 2.1^\circ$   
 $h = -6 \rightarrow 9$   
 $k = -21 \rightarrow 20$   
 $l = -15 \rightarrow 15$

*Refinement*Refinement on  $F^2$ 

Least-squares matrix: full

$$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.045$$

$$wR(F^2) = 0.127$$

$$S = 1.03$$

3397 reflections

183 parameters

0 restraints

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant  
direct methodsSecondary atom site location: difference Fourier  
mapHydrogen site location: inferred from  
neighbouring sites

H-atom parameters constrained

$$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0583P)^2 + 0.1449P]$$
$$\text{where } P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$$

$$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$$

$$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.12 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$$

$$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.20 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$$

*Special details*

**Geometry.** All s.u.'s (except the s.u. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell s.u.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of s.u.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between s.u.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell s.u.'s is used for estimating s.u.'s involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement.** Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted  $R$ -factor  $wR$  and goodness of fit  $S$  are based on  $F^2$ , conventional  $R$ -factors  $R$  are based on  $F$ , with  $F$  set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating  $R$ -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement.  $R$ -factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on  $F$ , and  $R$ -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

*Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )*

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
C1	0.7834 (3)	0.43187 (11)	0.45429 (16)	0.0774 (6)
H1A	0.6742	0.4614	0.4486	0.116*
H1B	0.8577	0.4500	0.3956	0.116*
H1C	0.8402	0.4422	0.5270	0.116*
C2	0.74883 (18)	0.34125 (10)	0.44130 (12)	0.0506 (4)
C3	0.8329 (2)	0.29632 (11)	0.35940 (14)	0.0621 (4)
H3	0.9075	0.3235	0.3115	0.075*
C4	0.8091 (2)	0.21326 (12)	0.34737 (15)	0.0675 (5)
H4	0.8673	0.1846	0.2919	0.081*
C5	0.6995 (2)	0.17216 (11)	0.41701 (15)	0.0682 (5)
H5	0.6844	0.1155	0.4098	0.082*
C6	0.6119 (2)	0.21510 (10)	0.49768 (14)	0.0578 (4)
H6	0.5372	0.1869	0.5445	0.069*
C7	0.63261 (17)	0.29962 (9)	0.51076 (11)	0.0456 (3)
C8	0.54009 (18)	0.34614 (9)	0.59692 (12)	0.0473 (3)
H8	0.6046	0.3874	0.6342	0.057*
C9	0.37474 (18)	0.33670 (9)	0.62856 (12)	0.0467 (3)
C10	0.3070 (2)	0.39142 (9)	0.71775 (14)	0.0547 (4)
C11	0.3689 (3)	0.49930 (12)	0.84739 (16)	0.0810 (6)
H11A	0.2801	0.5356	0.8158	0.122*
H11B	0.4670	0.5312	0.8762	0.122*
H11C	0.3217	0.4679	0.9080	0.122*
C12	0.24399 (19)	0.27684 (9)	0.57786 (13)	0.0533 (4)
H12A	0.2757	0.2653	0.5007	0.064*
H12B	0.1300	0.3034	0.5738	0.064*
C13	0.22600 (17)	0.19546 (9)	0.63919 (12)	0.0441 (3)

C14	0.1264 (2)	0.13340 (10)	0.58785 (13)	0.0585 (4)
H14	0.0726	0.1426	0.5168	0.070*
C15	0.1058 (2)	0.05841 (10)	0.64005 (15)	0.0628 (4)
H15	0.0390	0.0175	0.6038	0.075*
C16	0.1829 (2)	0.04364 (10)	0.74494 (14)	0.0578 (4)
H16	0.1678	-0.0068	0.7806	0.069*
C17	0.2824 (2)	0.10417 (10)	0.79654 (13)	0.0573 (4)
H17	0.3355	0.0946	0.8677	0.069*
C18	0.30491 (19)	0.17931 (9)	0.74421 (12)	0.0512 (4)
H18	0.3741	0.2195	0.7802	0.061*
O1	0.42556 (14)	0.44424 (7)	0.76084 (9)	0.0645 (3)
O2	0.15923 (17)	0.38981 (8)	0.74826 (13)	0.0893 (5)

*Atomic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )*

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
C1	0.0861 (13)	0.0688 (12)	0.0800 (12)	-0.0192 (10)	0.0347 (10)	0.0019 (9)
C2	0.0454 (8)	0.0596 (9)	0.0473 (8)	-0.0022 (7)	0.0069 (6)	0.0007 (7)
C3	0.0513 (9)	0.0832 (13)	0.0529 (9)	-0.0022 (8)	0.0148 (7)	-0.0043 (8)
C4	0.0553 (10)	0.0832 (13)	0.0644 (10)	0.0093 (9)	0.0075 (8)	-0.0217 (9)
C5	0.0640 (10)	0.0587 (10)	0.0824 (12)	0.0037 (8)	0.0077 (9)	-0.0152 (9)
C6	0.0576 (9)	0.0523 (9)	0.0644 (10)	-0.0009 (7)	0.0137 (8)	-0.0010 (7)
C7	0.0424 (7)	0.0508 (8)	0.0437 (8)	0.0006 (6)	0.0050 (6)	0.0005 (6)
C8	0.0509 (8)	0.0461 (8)	0.0455 (8)	-0.0028 (6)	0.0093 (6)	0.0035 (6)
C9	0.0485 (8)	0.0449 (8)	0.0475 (8)	0.0012 (6)	0.0099 (6)	0.0085 (6)
C10	0.0562 (9)	0.0488 (9)	0.0607 (9)	0.0010 (7)	0.0203 (8)	0.0087 (7)
C11	0.0874 (13)	0.0835 (14)	0.0743 (12)	0.0042 (10)	0.0280 (10)	-0.0253 (10)
C12	0.0499 (9)	0.0599 (9)	0.0502 (8)	-0.0003 (7)	0.0028 (7)	0.0097 (7)
C13	0.0374 (7)	0.0516 (8)	0.0438 (7)	-0.0019 (6)	0.0083 (6)	0.0011 (6)
C14	0.0546 (9)	0.0716 (11)	0.0489 (8)	-0.0106 (8)	-0.0030 (7)	0.0000 (8)
C15	0.0607 (10)	0.0588 (10)	0.0692 (11)	-0.0163 (8)	0.0066 (8)	-0.0077 (8)
C16	0.0636 (10)	0.0472 (9)	0.0637 (10)	-0.0007 (7)	0.0172 (8)	0.0039 (8)
C17	0.0668 (10)	0.0565 (10)	0.0488 (9)	0.0022 (8)	0.0035 (7)	0.0073 (7)
C18	0.0555 (9)	0.0517 (9)	0.0461 (8)	-0.0068 (7)	-0.0011 (7)	-0.0004 (7)
O1	0.0613 (7)	0.0686 (7)	0.0651 (7)	0.0003 (6)	0.0204 (5)	-0.0162 (6)
O2	0.0663 (8)	0.0823 (9)	0.1234 (11)	-0.0109 (6)	0.0506 (8)	-0.0197 (8)

*Geometric parameters ( $\text{\AA}$ ,  $^\circ$ )*

C1—C2	1.500 (2)	C10—O1	1.3307 (19)
C1—H1A	0.9600	C11—O1	1.4368 (18)
C1—H1B	0.9600	C11—H11A	0.9600
C1—H1C	0.9600	C11—H11B	0.9600
C2—C3	1.389 (2)	C11—H11C	0.9600
C2—C7	1.4051 (19)	C12—C13	1.514 (2)
C3—C4	1.366 (2)	C12—H12A	0.9700
C3—H3	0.9300	C12—H12B	0.9700
C4—C5	1.370 (2)	C13—C18	1.380 (2)
C4—H4	0.9300	C13—C14	1.385 (2)
C5—C6	1.375 (2)	C14—C15	1.375 (2)

C5—H5	0.9300	C14—H14	0.9300
C6—C7	1.388 (2)	C15—C16	1.369 (2)
C6—H6	0.9300	C15—H15	0.9300
C7—C8	1.4701 (19)	C16—C17	1.368 (2)
C8—C9	1.3390 (18)	C16—H16	0.9300
C8—H8	0.9300	C17—C18	1.380 (2)
C9—C10	1.486 (2)	C17—H17	0.9300
C9—C12	1.498 (2)	C18—H18	0.9300
C10—O2	1.1981 (17)		
C2—C1—H1A	109.5	O1—C10—C9	113.84 (12)
C2—C1—H1B	109.5	O1—C11—H11A	109.5
H1A—C1—H1B	109.5	O1—C11—H11B	109.5
C2—C1—H1C	109.5	H11A—C11—H11B	109.5
H1A—C1—H1C	109.5	O1—C11—H11C	109.5
H1B—C1—H1C	109.5	H11A—C11—H11C	109.5
C3—C2—C7	118.37 (14)	H11B—C11—H11C	109.5
C3—C2—C1	120.06 (14)	C9—C12—C13	116.50 (12)
C7—C2—C1	121.57 (13)	C9—C12—H12A	108.2
C4—C3—C2	121.76 (15)	C13—C12—H12A	108.2
C4—C3—H3	119.1	C9—C12—H12B	108.2
C2—C3—H3	119.1	C13—C12—H12B	108.2
C3—C4—C5	119.96 (15)	H12A—C12—H12B	107.3
C3—C4—H4	120.0	C18—C13—C14	117.74 (13)
C5—C4—H4	120.0	C18—C13—C12	123.35 (13)
C4—C5—C6	119.70 (16)	C14—C13—C12	118.91 (13)
C4—C5—H5	120.1	C15—C14—C13	121.19 (15)
C6—C5—H5	120.1	C15—C14—H14	119.4
C5—C6—C7	121.39 (15)	C13—C14—H14	119.4
C5—C6—H6	119.3	C16—C15—C14	120.44 (15)
C7—C6—H6	119.3	C16—C15—H15	119.8
C6—C7—C2	118.77 (13)	C14—C15—H15	119.8
C6—C7—C8	121.87 (13)	C17—C16—C15	119.08 (15)
C2—C7—C8	119.34 (13)	C17—C16—H16	120.5
C9—C8—C7	128.28 (14)	C15—C16—H16	120.5
C9—C8—H8	115.9	C16—C17—C18	120.78 (14)
C7—C8—H8	115.9	C16—C17—H17	119.6
C8—C9—C10	119.27 (14)	C18—C17—H17	119.6
C8—C9—C12	125.57 (13)	C13—C18—C17	120.77 (14)
C10—C9—C12	115.11 (12)	C13—C18—H18	119.6
O2—C10—O1	122.14 (15)	C17—C18—H18	119.6
O2—C10—C9	124.02 (16)	C10—O1—C11	116.85 (12)
C7—C2—C3—C4	-1.9 (2)	C8—C9—C10—O1	-2.2 (2)
C1—C2—C3—C4	177.90 (16)	C12—C9—C10—O1	-179.66 (12)
C2—C3—C4—C5	0.2 (3)	C8—C9—C12—C13	96.20 (17)
C3—C4—C5—C6	1.0 (3)	C10—C9—C12—C13	-86.57 (16)
C4—C5—C6—C7	-0.3 (3)	C9—C12—C13—C18	8.8 (2)
C5—C6—C7—C2	-1.4 (2)	C9—C12—C13—C14	-170.83 (13)

C5—C6—C7—C8	−179.81 (15)	C18—C13—C14—C15	0.5 (2)
C3—C2—C7—C6	2.5 (2)	C12—C13—C14—C15	−179.90 (14)
C1—C2—C7—C6	−177.32 (16)	C13—C14—C15—C16	0.4 (2)
C3—C2—C7—C8	−179.11 (14)	C14—C15—C16—C17	−0.7 (2)
C1—C2—C7—C8	1.1 (2)	C15—C16—C17—C18	0.2 (2)
C6—C7—C8—C9	−39.7 (2)	C14—C13—C18—C17	−1.0 (2)
C2—C7—C8—C9	141.93 (15)	C12—C13—C18—C17	179.36 (13)
C7—C8—C9—C10	−179.57 (13)	C16—C17—C18—C13	0.7 (2)
C7—C8—C9—C12	−2.4 (2)	O2—C10—O1—C11	0.7 (2)
C8—C9—C10—O2	176.88 (16)	C9—C10—O1—C11	179.81 (14)
C12—C9—C10—O2	−0.5 (2)		

*Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)*

Cg1 is the centroid of the C13—C18 benzene ring.

D—H···A	D—H	H···A	D···A	D—H···A
C3—H3···Cg1 <sup>i</sup>	0.93	2.87	3.7809 (17)	165

Symmetry code: (i)  $x+1, -y-1/2, z-3/2$ .